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REPORT ON 8TH PLENARY MEETING OF 5TH CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF WORKERS' PARTY OF KOREA

The 8th Plenary Meeting of the 5th Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea was held from February 11 to 13.

The Plenary Meeting was held under the guidance of Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea.

Present at the Plenary Meeting were the Members and Alternate Members of the Central Committee of the Party. The Members of the Central Auditing Commission of the Party were also present there.

The following items were placed on the agenda of the Plenary Meeting:

- 1. On the General Mobilization of All Efforts to the Grand Work of Socialist Construction;**
- 2. On the Complete Abolition of the Taxes and Sharp Reduction of the Prices of Manufactured Goods.**

Comrade Kim Il Sung delivered a report on the first item of the agenda: "On the General Mobilization of All Efforts to the Grand Work of Socialist Construction."

Following the report, many comrades took part in the discussion of this question.

The speakers fully approved and supported the report of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung in which he gave a wise analysis and appraisal of the present external and internal situation and indicated a revolutionary line on bringing about a great upsurge in socialist construction through the general mobilization of all efforts. They stressed in unison that his report is a militant programme for expediting the complete victory of socialism in the northern half of the Republic and the independent reunification of the fatherland and a great revolutionary banner powerfully calling our Party and people to new miracles and innovations.

Comrade Li Gun Mo delivered a report on the second item of the agenda: "On the Complete Abolition of the Taxes and Sharp

Reduction of the Prices of Manufactured Goods."

It was decided at the Plenary Meeting to send a letter of the Central Committee of the Party to all the Party members appealing to them to fully mobilize all efforts to the grand work of socialist construction.

Follows the gist of the letter adopted with unanimous approval:

The revolutionary situation in our country and overall world situation today urgently demand of our Party and our people to accelerate socialist construction with redoubled efforts.

By bringing about a new upsurge in socialist construction through the general mobilization of all efforts, we should further consolidate our socialist position politically, economically and militarily, as firm as a rock.

The struggle for effecting a new upsurge in socialist construction will be a great revolutionary demonstration displaying once again to the whole world the mettle of the Korean people who are fighting staunchly and making an uninterrupted advance, never falling into stagnation or marking time, under the wise guidance of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and will powerfully inspire the sacred struggle of the south Korean people who are fighting courageously for freedom and democracy and the reunification of the fatherland, braving the unheard-of fascist repression by the enemy.

The struggle for the grand construction of socialism is an unprecedentedly grandiose and gigantic struggle in the history of socialist construction by our Party and people.

As Comrade Kim Il Sung who always leads our Party and people to brilliant victory with his great ideas and great art of leadership is standing in the van of the revolution, we are filled with the revolutionary optimism and faith that we can win without fail in this gigantic, historic

struggle and are confident of victory.

We must add spurs to the galloping Chollima to dash forward like the wind at a new Chollima speed, a new Pyongyang speed and fly the flag of victory on all heights of the Six-Year Plan by the 30th anniversary of the founding of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea. We must continue to vigorously dash forward at faster speed to build a groundwork for capturing the height of 12 million tons of steel, height of one million tons of non-ferrous metal, height of 100 million tons of coal, height of 50,000 million kwh of electric power, height of 20 million tons of cement, height of 5 million tons of machinery and equipment, height of 5 million tons of marine products, height of 5 million tons of chemical fertilizer, height of 100,000 *chongbo* of reclaimed tideland and height of 10 million tons of grain, which are the ten major goals of economic construction we should attain in the years of the next perspective plan to scale a higher peak of socialism.

The fronts that we should support with concentrated efforts at present are the capital construction front, industrial front, agricultural front, transport front and fisheries front.

The whole Party, the whole country and the entire people must give powerful support to these five fronts of socialist construction.

The capital construction front is the front to which we should direct our efforts preferentially.

It is necessary to hasten through an ever-intensified struggle the expansion project of the Kim Chaek Iron Works, the construction of the Taedong-gang Iron Works, the reconstruction and expansion project of the Musan Mine and the construction of other ferrous metallurgical industrial bases, the second-stage projects of the Pukchang

Thermal Power Plant and the Sodusu Power Station, the construction of the Taedong-gang Power Station and the Chongchong-gang Thermal Power Plant and other power bases, the construction of the Youth Chemical Factory and the Nampo Chemical Factory and other modern large-scale chemical bases, and the construction of the Sunchon Cement Factory, a new large-scale cement factory in the Chonnae district and other building-materials industrial bases.

Great innovations should be made on the industrial front in order to carry out the Six-Year Plan ahead of schedule and bring about a new upsurge in socialist economic construction.

The heights of electric power, coal, steel, cement and chemical fertilizers envisaged in the Six-Year Plan should be scaled far ahead of schedule.

A great leap should be made in the engineering industry to radically expand the production of machinery and equipment, a bold drive be launched to manufacture extra-big machine tools, 100-ton lorries, 20,000-ton ships and other large-size machines, and an energetic drive be waged to beat the production targets of ordered equipment for this year without fail and raise the production capacity of ordered equipment 10 times within a few years.

The local industry should be extensively developed along with the central industry to bring about a new turn in the production of mass consumption goods, and thus to increase the output of high-quality consumer goods and carry out the Six-Year Plan this year in terms of production value.

The whole Party and the whole country should powerfully assist the agricultural front.

This year, the significant year when the 10th anniversary of the publication of the *Theses on the Socialist Rural Question in Our Country* is to be celebrated, the whole country should turn out and effect a new innovation in socialist rural construction

and scale the grain height of the Six-Year Plan without fail by thoroughly implementing the great theses on the rural question authored by the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and the teachings given by him at the National Congress on Agriculture.

The all-Party and all-people assistance to the transport front should be strengthened for fully meeting the growing demand for transport. The transport capacity should be decisively increased through a rapid introduction of modernized, heavy-duty, large-size and high-speed means of transport in the domain of railway transport and automobile and water transport be actively developed.

The electrification of the railway lines between Pyongyang and Sariwon should be completed within this year and the construction of railways between Kujang and Palwon, between Pukchong and Toksong, and between Kanggye and Musan should be energetically accelerated.

The fisheries front is an important front of struggle where we must direct our efforts for faster enhancement of the living standard of the people.

The deep-sea, coastal and small-scale fishing should be extensively developed, the West Sea fishing grounds be actively exploited and scientific fishing methods be widely introduced for earlier conquest of the height of aquatic products envisaged in the Six-Year Plan. The fishes caught should be processed well without spoilage so that the people may be supplied with greater quantities of processed fishes.

Debating on the second item of the agenda "On the Complete Abolition of the Taxes and Sharp Reduction of the Prices of Manufactured Goods," the Plenary Meeting proudly pointed out that the complete abolition of taxes means to carry into practice Article 33 of the *Socialist Constitution of the Democratic People's Republic of Ko-*

rea—"The State abolishes taxation, a hang-over of the old society"—authored by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and this epochal measure would make our country the first state without taxation in the world.

And the Plenary Meeting stressed that the measure of sharply reducing the prices of manufactured goods is one more patent manifestation of the popular policies of our Party and the Government of our Republic, the supreme law of whose activities is the constant enhancement of the people's material and cultural standards.

The popular policy of completely abolishing taxes and drastically reducing the prices of manufactured goods will more powerfully arouse all our Party members and working people to the gigantic struggle for the grand socialist construction and immensely encourage the youth, students and people of south Korea in their just struggle for the independent reunification of the country and against fascism and for democracy, the Plenary Meeting pointed out. It expressed the firm conviction that the entire Party members and working people will live up with loyalty to the deep solicitude and great benevolence of the fatherly leader who put forward again this time the epochal popular policy, by more energetically pushing ahead with the three revolutions, ideological, technical and cultural, and effecting a new great revolutionary upsurge on all fronts of socialist construction.

It decided to refer the problem of the complete abolition of taxes to discussion at the next session of the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea which will open before long and submit the problem of sharp reduction of prices of manufactured goods to the Central People's Committee of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea for examination.

It adopted a relevant resolution.